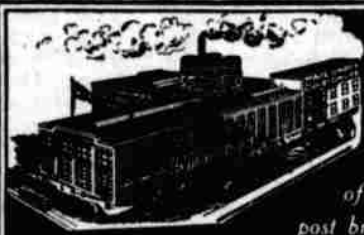


# Flagstaff Lumber Co.

Manufacturers  
ARIZONA SOFT PINE  
**LUMBER**

Most Modern Saw Mill,  
Planing Mill and Box  
Factory in the Southwest

**100,000 FEET DAILY**



The F. Thomas Parisian Dyeing and Cleaning Works in San Francisco the most complete and modern equipped establishment of its kind in America. The parcel post brings this plant to your very door.

## CLEANING AND DYEING IS CHEAPER THAN BUYING

providing you send it to us

Otherwise you run the risk of having your work done by "back-room" cleaners who have neither the experience nor the facilities necessary. When you send it to us you are sure that only the best dyes will be used (the shortage of European dyes has not affected us). You are sure of the best possible workmanship and the lowest possible prices.

Write our special Mail Order Department for price list and expert advice on your cleaning and dyeing problems.

Remember we pay return postage on all orders.

"65 years of knowing how"

**THE F. THOMAS PARISIAN DYEING AND CLEANING WORKS**  
27-33 Tenth Street San Francisco

## Pure Milk Is Pure Food

and the best food you can buy. Milk contains a higher percentage of food value than any other food known. When you buy pure milk you get value received on the investment. We invite inspection of our dairy.

## Flagstaff Dairy

FRED GARING, Prop.

## Weatherford Hotel

H. B. WHITE, Proprietor

FIRST CLASS ACCOMMODATIONS

Steam Heat Hot and cold water Pleasantly located

## Broadway Pocket Billiard Parlor

A PLEASANT PLACE TO SPEND YOUR SPARE TIME

BEST CIGARS, TOBACCOS, CIGARETTES

WEATHERFORD BUILDING

H. B. WHITE, Prop

## Get Your Fuel Early

The government fuel administration advises all to secure a full supply of coal early this year to avoid trouble later.

Order Coal Now—We Will care for Your Needs  
BEST QUALITY OF STOVE AND FIREPLACE WOOD SAWED TO SUIT YOU.

## Frank Bennett

Wood, Coal and Feed.

## News of Interest Gathered Here and There in the State

### Bond Profiteer Denounced.

Peter Gordon, proprietor of the Golden Rule store at Jerome, is denounced as a Liberty Bond profiteer by an investigating committee of fifteen responsible citizens, including the cashiers of the two banks.

According to Gordon's own statement to the committee, made Saturday afternoon, he has been guaranteeing to foreigners that he would take their bonds in exchange for goods. He has taken thousands of dollars' worth of bonds, the committee states, and shipped them to Los Angeles, where they were sold at a discount.

When told that this practice interfered seriously with the Liberty Loan campaign in this district, Gordon adopted a defiant attitude. He told the committee flatly that he intended to continue his trafficking.

### A Few Dollars in Gold.

The Oatman Mining News reports a big gold strike in the Mossback mine, located near the United Eastern, in which there is said to be \$25,500,000 worth of gold bearing ore in sight worth \$25 a ton with big reserve ore body that will keep a 300-ton mill busy for years. The ore carries values as high as \$10,000 a ton, plenty of it \$500 and \$7,000 per ton. In 1862 soldiers stationed at Silver Creek to give protection to immigrants from the Indians discovered gold on what is now the Mossback property.

### High Cost of Living.

R. J. Jones of Springerville, a married man, eloped with Leah Maxwell of Eager, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Andrew Maxwell. Jones is 29 years of age and Miss Maxwell is 16 years of age. A reward of \$25 is offered for their apprehension.—St. Johns Herald.

### Big Bargains at Springer?

Mrs. Howard N. Blazard and Miss Lottie Blazard attended Becker's Fashion Show at Springerville last Saturday. After the show they decided to walk to St. Johns. They arrived at DeWitt ranch some 12 miles south of town about sundown tired and worn out. M. O. Poulson brought them to town in his Ford.—St. Johns Herald.

### Grip Dope by the Barrel.

The U. S. government has called on Dr. Warren E. Day of Prescott, who is an old-time army surgeon, for his prescription against la grippe, and many barrels of it are to be manufactured.—Prescott Courier.

H. H. Linney, former Prescott attorney, has been promoted to a captaincy and sent back from France for special duty as instructor with the 54th field artillery, at Camp Travis, Texas.

Fire of unknown origin destroyed the Prescott city water plant at Del Rio. It is estimated that the machinery and buildings cannot be replaced for less than \$75,000. Arrangements are being made to secure an extra supply of water from Groom creek until the plant can be rebuilt.

It has been discovered that the damage to the Prescott city water plant, at Del Rio, was not as serious as was at first thought. The pumps are practically a good as new except that all the boxings are burned out. The motors, transformers and all other electrical equipment will have to be replaced.

W. H. Wilky, defeated Democratic candidate for the shrievalty nomination in Maricopa county, gained only two votes by the recount which he demanded. Jeff D. Adams is therefore the nominee by a majority of 17.

John Scarber, colored porter in a Phoenix garage, bought \$1100 worth of Fourth Liberty Loan bonds.

### Thoughtful William.

"William!" snapped the dear lady, viciously, "didn't I hear the clock strike two as you came in?"

"You did, my dear. It started to strike ten, but I stopped it to keep it from waking you up."

Abe Martin, he says: After a wife coaxes a dollar from an average husband it's more like a souvenir than anything else. Nothin' jollies an old scout like askin' him if th' draft got him.

### POTATO SEED BALLS WANTED

or cleaned seed. Can use any amount this year and next. Write particulars. A. T. Cook, Seed Specialist, Hyde Park, N. Y.

Back the Yanks in the tanks—buy Liberty Bonds.

Buy today. Save and pay.

### BOX SEATS AT STATE FAIR GOING RAPIDLY

PHOENIX, Oct. 10.—Although reservations for box seats at the coming state fair have only been accepted since October 1st, already scores of checks have been received by Secretary Boyce, and it begins to look as if the entire number of boxes would be sold out before opening day of the fair.

There are 166 excellent boxes to be sold, each box costing \$25, this sum including admission to the grandstand and to the box for six persons each day during fair week.

It is the history of the fair that many people have waited until the last minute to make their reservations for boxes. People who are in the habit of doing this will be doomed to disappointment this year, for it seems certain that all the boxes will be disposed of before the fair opens November 11.

### Colorado Swallows Boat.

Over on the Colorado river, according to the Parker Post, Bill Norton, who has a fine virgin ranch on the banks of the river, fixed up a barge with pump on it to pump water from the river upon his ground. As he was floating the barge to its permanent location, the treacherous current carried it up so that it turned turtle and all went to the bottom but Norton, who had a narrow escape. Loss is about \$2,000. Water is over 15 feet deep where the barge went down, and there is no chance to recover any of the outfit as the Colorado river never gives up what it swallows, but quickly buries it with sand.

Should an undertaker advertise? See page eight.

### BRUTAL MURDER OF TWO YOUNG WHITE MEN

(Continued from Page One)

were camped under a tree, about 100 yards from our camp, and two of the Indians who were going to work for us talked with them. There was the two young fellows who were killed, aged somewhere around 20 or 22, and a stout old man, aged around 50. The old man was cooking at the rear of their wagon and the young men were around camp and said they were going to Globe. Before light the next morning all of us heard the wagon go by our camp, which is right by the road, and continue north toward White river and Holbrook, instead of toward Globe. Superintendent Davis met him next morning just north of here and several others have seen him. He had a small, light wagon and burro team, with an extra burro or two. He has been alone since he left here, and the men we found in the river, the Indians say, are the same they saw with him in camp the night before. His camp was about 60 feet from the river, and it seems he killed the two men after they were asleep, as their skulls are badly crushed in. Then he put them on an old door and dragged them down the hill, part way to the river, then dragged each one separately the remainder of the way. He then tied rocks around their necks so they would sink, and probably thinks they will never be found and that he is safe, but I think he has made a poor guess. When they bloated, of course they came to the surface and they had evidently just done this when Corrigan happened along and found them. I am curious to know just why he killed them, as I hardly think they had anything of enough value to be killed for, neither can we figure what they were doing off out here if they were soldiers, unless they were deserters or slackers. We are inclined to think that the two young fellows got into some argument or fuss with the old man about the war or something else—possibly the old man is a pro-German, and that he made up his mind he would fix them and get rid of them. He evidently killed them with an axe or something similar while they were asleep.

### "SPANISH INFLUENZA," "THREE-DAY FEVER"

(Continued from Page One)

with this comes a fever in which the temperature rises to 100 to 104. In most cases the pulse remains relatively slow.

In appearance one is struck by the fact that the patient looks sick. His eyes and the inner side of his eyelids may be slightly "bloodshot," or "congested," as the doctors say. There may be running from the nose, or there may be some cough. These signs of a cold may not be marked; nevertheless the patient looks and feels very sick.

In addition to the appearance and the symptoms as already described, examination of the patient's blood may aid the physician in recognizing "Spanish influenza," for it has been found that in this disease the number of white corpuscles shows little or no increase above the normal. It is possible that the laboratory investigations now being made through the National Research Council and the United States Hygienic Laboratory will furnish a more certain way in which individual cases of this disease can be recognized.

### What Is the Course of the Disease? Do People Die of It?

Ordinarily, the fever lasts from three to four days and the patient recovers. But while the proportion of deaths in the present epidemic has generally been low, in some places the outbreak has been severe and deaths have been numerous. When death occurs it is usually the result of a complication.

### What Causes the Disease and How Is It Spread?

Bacteriologists who have studied influenza epidemics in the past have found in many of the cases a very small rod-shaped ger m called, after its discoverer, Pfeiffer's bacillus. In other cases of apparently the same kind of disease there were found pneumococci, the germs of lobar pneumonia. Still others have been caused by streptococci, and by other germs with long names.

No matter what particular kind of germ causes the epidemic, it is now believed that influenza is always spread from person to person, the germs being carried with the air along with the very small droplets of mucus, expelled by coughing or sneezing, forceful talking, and the like by one who already has the germs of the disease. They may also be carried about in the air in the form of dust coming from dried mucus, from coughing and sneezing, or from careless people who spit on the floor and one the sidewalk. As in most other catching diseases, a person who has only a mild attack of the disease himself may give a very

severe attack to others.

It is very important that every person who becomes sick with influenza should go home at once and go to bed. This will help keep away dangerous complications and will, at the same time, keep the patient from scattering the disease far and wide. It is highly desirable that no one be allowed to sleep in the same room with the patient. In fact, no one but the nurse should be allowed in the room.

If there is cough and sputum or running of the eyes and nose, care should be taken that all such discharges are collected on bits of gauze or rag or paper napkins and burned. If the patient complains of fever and headache, he should be given water to drink, a cold compress to the forehead, and a light sponge. Only such medicine should be given as is prescribed by the doctor. It is foolish to ask the druggist to prescribe and may be dangerous to take the so-called "safe, sure and harmless" remedies advertised by patent medicine manufacturers.

If the patient is so situated that he can be attended only by some one who must also look after others in the family, it is advisable that such attendant wear a wrapper, apron, or gown over the ordinary house clothes while in the sick room, and slip this off when leaving to look after the others.

Nurses and attendants will do well to guard against breathing in dangerous disease germs by wearing a simple fold of gauze or mask while near the patient.

### Will a Person Who Has Had Influenza Before Catch the Disease Again?

It is well known that an attack of scarlet fever or smallpox usually protects a person against another attack of the same disease. This appears not to be true of "Spanish influenza." Ac-

cording to newspaper reports, the king of Spain suffered an attack of influenza thirty years ago, and was again stricken during the recent outbreak in Spain.

### How Can One Guard Against Influenza?

In guarding against disease of all kinds, it is important that the body be kept strong and able to fight off disease germs. This can be done by having a proper proportion of work, play and rest, by keeping the body well clothed, and by eating sufficient, wholesome, and properly selected food. In connection with diet, it is well to remember that milk is one of the best all-around foods obtainable for adults as well as children. So far as a disease like influenza is concerned, health authorities everywhere recognize the very close relation between its spread and overcrowded homes. While it is not always possible, especially in times like the present, to avoid such overcrowding, people should consider the health danger and make every effort to reduce the home overcrowding to a minimum. The value of fresh air through open windows can not be over emphasized.

Where crowding is unavoidable, as in street cars, care should be taken to keep the face so turned as not to inhale directly the air breathed out by another person.

It is especially important to beware of the person who coughs or sneezes without covering his mouth and nose. It also follows that one should keep out of crowds and stuffy places as much as possible, keep homes, offices and workshops well aired, spend some time out of doors each day, walk to work if at all practicable—in short, make every possible effort to breathe as much pure air as possible.

"Cover up each cough and sneeze. If you don't you'll spread disease."



## STOCKMEN & CAMPERS

I have a good supply of 15 oz. canvas in 48 inch, 60 inch and 72 inch widths; also 10 oz. white and awning stripe for porches, etc.

**W. H. SWITZER**  
Phone 94

**55,000,000 FEET**

## National Forest Timber for Sale

**LOCATION AND AMOUNT**—All the merchantable dead timber standing or down and all the live timber marked or designated for cutting on an area embracing about 25,000 acres in Township 19 North, Ranges 8 and 9 East, G. & S. R. M., Clark's Valley Unit, Coconino National Forest, Arizona, estimated to be 55,000,000 feet B. M., more or less, of western yellow pine, Douglas fir, white fir and spruce timber, approximately 99 per cent western yellow pine.

**STUMPAGE PRICES**—Lowest rates considered, \$2 per M. for all species.

**DEPOSIT**—With bid \$3,000, to apply on purchase price if bid is accepted, or refunded if rejected.

**FINAL DATE FOR BIDS**—Sealed bids will be received by the District Forester, Albuquerque, New Mexico, up to and including December 1, 1918.

The right to reject any and all bids is reserved.

Before bids are submitted full information concerning the character of the timber, conditions of sale, deposits, and the submission of bids should be obtained from the District Forester, Albuquerque, New Mexico, or the Forest Supervisor, Flagstaff, Arizona.

# Republicans

Registration for  
General Election  
Closes on Oct. 15

Do Your Duty as a Citizen  
Register Before It's Too Late